

GHS SAFETY DATA SHEET

Prepared to U.S. OSHA Standards in compliance with the GHS system (29 CFR 1910.1200(g), rev. 2012

Section 1	Identification	POWDERED SUGAR Manufacturer's Name American Crystal Sugar Co. 101 North 3rd Street Moorhead, MN 56560 Emergency Telephone Number: (218) 236-4400 Telephone Number for Information (218) 236-4324	food additive, flavor enhancer, baking ingredient, intended for human consumption No restrictions on use Preparation Date: 21 November 2014 Revised: New
Section 2	Hazard(s) Identification	No Hazardous Components Sugar and starch support combustion only poorly and are not by themselves hazards unless they are involved as secondary fuels in an existing fire.	The dust generated by the transportation and handling of sugar is an explosion hazard; measures must be taken to avoid the creation of fugitive dust and to abate any dust created.
Section 3	Composition / Information on Ingredients	Sucrose, sugar, saccharose; C ₁₂ H ₂₂ O ₁₁ : 97% IUPAC: (2R,3R,4S,5S,6R)-2-[(2S,3S,4S,5R)-3,4-dihydroxy-2,5-bis(hydroxymethyl) oxolan-2-yl]oxy-6-(hydroxymethyl) oxane-3,4,5-triol] Corn starch: 3%	Table sugar, beet sugar, natural sweetener CAS 57-50-1 UNII C151H8M554 EINECS 200-334-9 RTECS WN6500000 CAS 9005-25-8 RTECS C151H8M554 EINECS 232-679-6
Section 4	First Aid Measures	INHALED: not expected to require first aid. Exposure to dust may aggravate preexisting respiratory conditions. Remove to fresh air; get medical attention for any breathing difficulty.	EYES: Possible mechanical irritant. Flush granular material with running water, holding eyelids open. Get medical help if symptoms persist.

Section 5 Section 5	Fire-Fighting Measures	Use water or other approved media. Avoid creating airborne dust with high pressure water streams; the use of a fine spray to saturate the material is suitable for any firefighting. monoxide. Normal fire dept SOP for precautions and PPE.	Sugar dust is explosive, similar to flour and grain products. Though sugar itself supports combustion poorly, the relative explosion hazard of the dust is severe. As with any finely divided organic (carbon-based) solid, dust may be explosive if mixed with air in critical proportions and in the presence of an ignition source possibly resulting in chain reaction-style, serial explosions.
Section 6	Accidental Release Measures	remove ignition sources avoid dispersing dust into the air ventilate area of spill use non -sparking tools	Clean-up personnel should wear non-slip footwear. Sweep or scoop up spill for recovery or disposal and place into a closed container. Non-toxic and biodegradable. Whatever cannot be saved for recovery may be discarded as permitted by applicable regulations.
Section 7	Handling and Storage	Avoid handling techniques which are capable of producing and/or dispersing fugitive dust. Remove ignition sources.	Store in doors in areas of low humidity away from sources of moisture.
Section 8	Exposure Controls / Personal Protection	None normally required. Inhalation of high concentrations of the dust may cause coughing and upper respiratory tract irritation. In dusty situation, a NIOSH-approved respirator for dust may be worn. Pre-existing respiratory conditions: use approved mask.	In cases of water being used to flush spilled material, floors and steps may become sticky; wear nonslip footwear and use caution when negotiating floors and steps. Wearing of contact lenses when handling product should be avoided. Wear protective goggles.

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Section 9	Physical and Chemical Properties	Melting Point (sucrose)	160 - 186°C (320 - 367°F)	Flash Point	N/A
	•	Boiling Point	N/A	Flammable	
				Limits	N/A
		Specific Gravity (H ₂ O = 1)	1.587 (sucrose)	LEL (sucrose)	dust 20 g/m3
		Solubility in Water:		UEL (sucrose)	dust 15 k g/m3
		Vapor Pressure (mm Hg.)	N/A		nd Odor: Very
		Vapor Density (AIR = 1)	N/A	finely-powder	
		Evaporation Rate Butyl Acetate = 1) Solubility in Water: Sucrose: 2.07 grams per gram water @25° 331 grams per 100 grams water @ 70°C; Starch gelatinizes in hot water.		crystalline solid; odorless.	
Section 10	Stability and Reactivity	Stable under ordinary conditions of use and storage. Hazardous polymerization will NOT occur. Avoid temperatures above 160°F (70°C); heat, flames, ignition sources, and incompatibles.		_	g oxidizers (e.g. sulfuric acid).
				Thermal decomposition or burning dried material will produce carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide.	
Section	Toxicological	Non-toxic		Product cont	tains no
11	Information			ingredients currently	
		LD50 (sucrose):		classified as	carcinogenic by
		29,700 mg/kg (oral, rat):		NTP, IARC, o	r OSHA.
		Respiratory cyano	osis		
Section	Ecological Information	Non-toxic and biodegrada	ible		
12	(non-manditory)	Non toxic and biodegradable.			
Section	Disposal	Whatever cannot be saved for recovery			
13	Considerations	may be discarded as permitted by			
	(non-manditory)	applicable regulations.			
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Section	Transport Information	Not applicable			
Section 14	Transport Information (non-manditory)	Not applicable			
	(non-manditory) Regulatory	Not applicable Not ordinarily regulated.	(Note some		
14	(non-manditory) Regulatory Information		-		
14 Section	(non-manditory) Regulatory	Not ordinarily regulated. countries do have import restrict total amount of su	quotas which		
14 Section	(non-manditory) Regulatory Information	Not ordinarily regulated. countries do have import	quotas which		

Section 16	Other Information	Note: sugar and starch dusts are explosive, similar to flour and grain products (values given here are for sucrose only)	
		Ignition temperature of dust cloud	350°C
		Minimum igniting energy	< 10mJ
		Minimum explosion concentration	0.035 oz / cu ft
		Maximum explosion pressure	9 bar
		Maximum rate of pressure rise	5,000 psi / sec
		Minimum exposable concentration in air:	0.045 g/L